Commissioning a Patient-led NHS in Essex

Formal Consultation

14 December 2005 to 22 March 2006

What people want

- n Local services when you need them
- n Emergency care when you need it
- No waiting
- n The best patient experience
- n To have a say, to have a choice
- More emphasis on prevention
- n Health and social care working together

8 national criteria

- **n** Improve commissioning
- **n** Improve the engagement of GPs
- n Improve co-ordination with social services
- Secure high quality safe services
- n Improve health, reduce inequalities
- **n** Improve public involvement
- Manage financial balance and risk
- n At least 15% reduction in management costs

What is the best PCT structure?

- Stronger commissioning
 - n Improve commissioning
 - n Improve the engagement of GPs
 - n Secure high quality safe services
 - n Improve public involvement
 - n Manage financial balance and risk

What is the best PCT structure?

- Closer links with local councils and LSPs
 - n Improve co-ordination with social services
 - n Improve health, reduce inequalities
- Management cost savings
 - n At least 15% reduction in management costs
 - n Target for Essex £7.5m (£2m from SHA, £5.5m from PCTs)

Option 1 – 2 PCTs (North Essex)

- n £3.3 million above current level to strengthen commissioning
- n Resources for locality Director and team
- n Resources for locality public health budget
- n In-house functions or share "back office functions"
- n Economies of scale and devolved structure
- n HQ remote from local practices
- Deprived areas risk losing out if finances merged

Option 2 – 3 PCTs (Essex County, Southend and Thurrock)

- n Coterminous with social care and education—benefits for joint commissioning
- n £2.5 million more available than currently to strengthen commissioning...
- n ...but in Southend and Thurrock only £0.7m and £0.6m in total
- n Southend and Thurrock likely to need £1m more each:
 - n Potentially £2m away from frontline services
 - n Other PCTs would need to make good savings shortfall
- n Larger PCT would have economies of scale, but over 1.3 million population

Option 3 – 4 PCTs (North, South, South, Southend and Thurrock)

- Nth Essex has similar pros/cons as option 1
- n 3 sth PCTs could consider shared services
- Southend and Thurrock PCTs have benefits of coterminosity, but same problems with resources as option 2
- South Essex PCT does not match local communities or health arrangements

Option 4 – 5 PCTs (Mid, North East, SE, SW, West)

- n Builds on existing arrangements
- Potentially £0.9 million above current level could be further savings from shared services
- n Resources for locality Director and team
- n Resources for locality public health budget
- Is management cost sufficient to strengthen commissioning?

Streamlining SHAs

- n SHAs responsible for fewer PCTs
- More hospitals becoming independent Foundation Trusts
- n Closer match with Government Office
- Strategic overview to meet national objectives

Ambulance reconfiguration

- n Range of emergency care expanding -Taking Healthcare to the Patient
- n Larger organisations more capacity for new services
- Management cost savings more money for frontline services
- n Local operational structures to serve different communities
- n Boundaries to match SHAs, GOs

Your feedback

- No What do you think are the pros and cons of each option?
- Documents and feedback forms available
- n Deadline 22 March